

## Constructive Response Question

What innovations allowed Europeans to travel farther?



# The Age of Exploration

Outcome: Europeans Explore the East

## God, Glory, & Gold

### 1. Setting the Stage

- Europeans had been exploring via the \_\_\_\_\_ and with people like \_\_\_\_\_
- For the most part, Europeans had no \_\_\_\_\_ or ability to explore \_\_\_\_\_
- By 1400s, a desire for \_\_\_\_\_ coupled with advanced \_\_\_\_\_ sparked exploration.

### 2. Europeans Seek New Trade Routes

- Main desire for exploration: New \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ (spices & luxury goods from Asia)
- Demand was \_\_\_\_\_ than \_\_\_\_\_ meant merchants could charge \_\_\_\_\_ prices
- England, Spain, Portugal, and France wanted to bypass \_\_\_\_\_ and find new sea routes for themselves
- Europeans also used \_\_\_\_\_ as a means to travel: They wanted to \_\_\_\_\_ non-Christians throughout the world



### 3. Tools of Exploration

- European ships improved with technology (p.531)
- New vessel: The \_\_\_\_\_.
  - \_\_\_\_\_
  - \_\_\_\_\_ sails stronger against the wind
  - Large \_\_\_\_\_ area
  - Shallow \_\_\_\_\_ allowed it to explore close to the shore
  - \_\_\_\_\_ was an instrument used to determine latitude and longitude



### 4. Portugal Leads the Way

- Portugal led the way in sailing \_\_\_\_\_
- First country to establish trading outposts on \_\_\_\_\_ coast of \_\_\_\_\_
- Prince \_\_\_\_\_, son of the king, was Portugal's most enthusiastic exploration explorer
- Prince Henry wanted to reach \_\_\_\_\_ of the east and spread \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ sailed to the eastern side of Africa and reached \_\_\_\_\_
- da Gama and crew were astonished by \_\_\_\_\_, silks, and \_\_\_\_\_ found in India
- da Gama's remarkable \_\_\_\_\_ mile journey was worth \_\_\_\_\_ times the cost of the trip and provided Portugal with a direct sea route to \_\_\_\_\_



Da Gama →



### 5. Spain Also Makes Claims

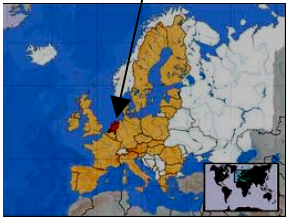
- a. Spain watched Portugal with \_\_\_\_\_
- b. 1492 \_\_\_\_\_ convinces Spain to finance a bold plan of finding a sea route to \_\_\_\_\_ ---> Instead he is the first European to discover \_\_\_\_\_
- c. Portuguese suspected Columbus reached \_\_\_\_\_ and claimed land for Spain that Portugal had already \_\_\_\_\_.
- d. This increased the exploration \_\_\_\_\_ between Spain and Portugal
- e. The \_\_\_\_\_ steps in and attempts to settle who has claim ---->



**The result:** \_\_\_\_\_ of 1494: Line that divided Spain and Portugal's claims. Spain got land \_\_\_\_\_ of the line, which included most of the \_\_\_\_\_, Portugal got lands to the \_\_\_\_\_ which included parts of modern-day \_\_\_\_\_

### 6. The Dutch (Netherlands)

- a. The people of this region declared their independence from \_\_\_\_\_ in 1581 and established the \_\_\_\_\_
- b. By 1600, the Dutch had the largest \_\_\_\_\_ of ships in the world- \_\_\_\_\_ vessels
- c. The Dutch \_\_\_\_\_ Company: Company that minted \_\_\_\_\_, made \_\_\_\_\_, and could raise an \_\_\_\_\_.
- i. Was \_\_\_\_\_ more \_\_\_\_\_ than British East India Company
- ii. Eventually Dutch drove out the \_\_\_\_\_ and established dominance over \_\_\_\_\_



**Result:** The Age of Exploration would begin a competitive and \_\_\_\_\_ pursuit that would lead the Europeans to \_\_\_\_\_, the Far East, and eventually \_\_\_\_\_.



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